

TE PUKE PRIMARY SCHOOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

School Directory

Ministry Number: 2016

Principal: Andrea Dance

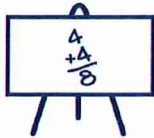
School Address: 43 Cameron Road, Te Puke, 3119

School Postal Address: 43 Cameron Road, Te Puke, 3119

School Phone: 07 573 7434

School Email: office@tepukeprimary.school.nz

Accountant / Service Provider:
0800 333 462



**EDUCATION
FINANCE**

www.educationfinance.co.nz

TE PUKE PRIMARY SCHOOL

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2025

Index

Page	Statement
1	Statement of Responsibility
2	Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
3	Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
4	Statement of Financial Position
5	Statement of Cash Flows
6 - 19	Notes to the Financial Statements
20 - 22	Independent Auditor's Report

Te Puke Primary School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2025

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2025 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Rona Wheeldon

Full Name of Presiding Member



Signature of Presiding Member

11/5/26

Date

ANDREA LANCE

Full Name of Principal



Signature of Principal

11/5/26

Date

Te Puke Primary School
Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
For the year ended 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 Actual \$	2025 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2024 Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	4,206,275	4,178,000	4,204,468
Locally Raised Funds	3	172,244	180,000	310,542
Interest		4,040	7,000	14,452
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,121	-	2,217
Total Revenue		4,383,680	4,365,000	4,531,679
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	45,264	77,000	85,814
Learning Resources	4	2,991,732	2,942,500	2,991,379
Administration	5	651,933	592,500	671,962
Interest		1,534	-	2,929
Property	6	685,826	785,000	761,836
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		1,589	-	13,618
Total Expense		4,377,878	4,397,000	4,527,538
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		5,802	(32,000)	4,141
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		5,802	(32,000)	4,141

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Puke Primary School

Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 Actual \$	2025 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2024 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January		929,046	890,000	920,999
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		5,802	(32,000)	4,141
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		12,152	-	3,906
Contributions from the Ministry of Education		-	-	-
Distributions to the Ministry of Education		-	-	-
Equity at 31 December		947,000	858,000	929,046
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		947,000	858,000	929,046
Reserves		-	-	-
Equity at 31 December		947,000	858,000	929,046

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Puke Primary School

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 Actual \$	2025 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2024 Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	101,520	151,000	262,083
Accounts Receivable	8	326,142	175,000	218,846
GST Receivable		17,356	-	-
Prepayments		12,741	12,000	12,209
Inventories	9	48,308	-	49,156
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	16	6,075	-	1,358
		512,142	338,000	543,652
Current Liabilities				
GST Payable		-	4,000	6,927
Accounts Payable	11	337,103	220,000	275,419
Borrowings	12	-	6,000	6,060
Revenue Received in Advance	13	33,180	-	4,687
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	30,379	-	23,093
Finance Lease Liability	15	9,662	21,000	13,811
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	-	-	116,972
		410,324	251,000	446,969
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		101,818	87,000	96,683
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	911,176	857,000	944,747
		911,176	857,000	944,747
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	58,306	85,000	103,130
Finance Lease Liability	15	7,688	1,000	9,254
		65,994	86,000	112,384
Net Assets		947,000	858,000	929,046
Equity		947,000	858,000	929,046

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Puke Primary School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2025

	Note	2025 Actual \$	2025 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2024 Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		1,043,328	1,148,000	1,179,014
Locally Raised Funds		218,953	180,000	298,114
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(24,283)	-	(17,989)
Payments to Employees		(808,970)	(811,000)	(895,537)
Payments to Suppliers		(373,281)	(356,000)	(433,716)
Interest Paid		(1,534)	-	(2,929)
Interest Received		4,040	7,000	21,332
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		58,253	168,000	148,289
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(88,168)	(50,000)	(188,690)
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-	-	100,000
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(88,168)	(50,000)	(88,690)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		12,152	-	-
Finance Lease Payments		(15,051)	(36,000)	(24,328)
Loans Received		-	-	-
Repayment of Borrowings		(6,060)	(6,000)	(6,060)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		(121,689)	-	(3,045)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(130,648)	(42,000)	(33,433)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(160,563)	76,000	26,166
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	262,083	75,000	235,917
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	101,520	151,000	262,083

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Puke Primary School

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2025

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Te Puke Primary School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

h) Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the Board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements	20–50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5–10 years
Information and Communication Technology	5 years
Motor Vehicles	5 years
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease
Library Resources	12.5% Diminishing value

j) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

l) Employee Entitlements*Short-term employee entitlements*

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

m) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

n) Funds held for Capital works

The School directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

o) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the school, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

p) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

q) Borrowings

Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

r) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

s) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

t) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	1,132,316	1,144,000	1,174,061
Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,161,783	2,100,000	2,051,274
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	532,884	580,000	584,590
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	379,292	350,000	392,761
Other Government Grants	-	4,000	1,782
	<u>4,206,275</u>	<u>4,178,000</u>	<u>4,204,468</u>

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue			
Donations and Bequests	25,893	73,000	29,621
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	26,953	28,000	19,914
Trading	26,302	42,000	54,815
Fundraising and Community Grants	74,396	22,000	178,636
Other Revenue	18,700	15,000	27,556
	<u>172,244</u>	<u>180,000</u>	<u>310,542</u>
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	32,925	35,000	27,801
Trading	12,339	42,000	58,013
	<u>45,264</u>	<u>77,000</u>	<u>85,814</u>
<i>Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds</i>	<u>126,980</u>	<u>103,000</u>	<u>224,728</u>

4. Learning Resources

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	67,495	76,000	82,500
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,774,107	2,722,000	2,756,375
Staff Development	20,655	24,500	23,253
Depreciation	129,475	120,000	129,251
	<u>2,991,732</u>	<u>2,942,500</u>	<u>2,991,379</u>

5. Administration

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	11,505	7,000	9,555
Board Fees and Expenses	3,833	6,000	5,184
Operating Leases	27,979	6,000	18,389
Other Administration Expenses	68,409	70,700	87,771
Employee Benefits - Salaries	137,664	131,000	136,565
Insurance	15,151	14,000	13,937
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	8,100	7,800	7,800
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	379,292	350,000	392,761
	<u>651,933</u>	<u>592,500</u>	<u>671,962</u>

6. Property

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Consultancy and Contract Services	53,350	50,000	49,769
Cyclical Maintenance	(31,370)	28,000	(6,632)
Heat, Light and Water	22,387	19,500	19,921
Rates	16,132	15,000	14,403
Repairs and Maintenance	6,754	10,500	21,393
Use of Land and Buildings	532,884	580,000	584,590
Employee Benefits - Salaries	58,982	58,000	55,000
Other Property Expenses	26,707	24,000	23,392
	<u>685,826</u>	<u>785,000</u>	<u>761,836</u>

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	20,822	51,000	262,083
Short-term Bank Deposits	80,698	100,000	-
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	<u>101,520</u>	<u>151,000</u>	<u>262,083</u>

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$101,520 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$33,180 is subject to restrictions for the following reasons:

- \$33,180 of unspent grant funding is subject to conditions which specify how the grant is required to be spent. If these conditions are not met, the funds will need to be returned. This is included in Revenue in Advance in note 14.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	6,539	-	24,755
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	92,697	-	3,709
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	226,906	175,000	190,382
	<u>326,142</u>	<u>175,000</u>	<u>218,846</u>
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	6,539	-	24,755
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	319,603	175,000	194,091
	<u>326,142</u>	<u>175,000</u>	<u>218,846</u>

9. Inventories

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	752	-	1,600
School Uniforms	47,556	-	47,556
Canteen	-	-	-
	<u>48,308</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>49,156</u>

10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2025	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	623,612	-	-	-	(34,855)	588,757
Furniture and Equipment	148,063	2,909	-	-	(23,679)	127,293
Information and Communication Technology	138,090	85,259	(1,600)	-	(51,627)	170,122
Motor Vehicles	13,883	-	-	-	(5,810)	8,073
Leased Assets	21,099	9,336	-	-	(13,504)	16,931
	<u>944,747</u>	<u>97,504</u>	<u>(1,600)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(129,475)</u>	<u>911,176</u>

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$8,073 (2024: \$13,883)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2025 Cost or Valuation	2025 Accumulated Depreciation	2025 Net Book Value	2024 Cost or Valuation	2024 Accumulated Depreciation	2024 Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	896,100	(307,343)	588,757	896,100	(272,488)	623,612
Furniture and Equipment	632,759	(505,466)	127,293	644,404	(496,341)	148,063
Information and Communication Technology	402,061	(231,939)	170,122	350,300	(212,210)	138,090
Motor Vehicles	66,069	(57,996)	8,073	66,069	(52,186)	13,883
Leased Assets	51,718	(34,787)	16,931	117,765	(96,666)	21,099
	<u>2,048,707</u>	<u>(1,137,531)</u>	<u>911,176</u>	<u>2,074,638</u>	<u>(1,129,891)</u>	<u>944,747</u>

11. Accounts Payable

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	90,954	25,000	65,002
Accruals	9,607	20,000	10,399
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	226,906	175,000	190,382
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	9,636	-	9,636
	<u>337,103</u>	<u>220,000</u>	<u>275,419</u>
Payables for Exchange Transactions	337,103	220,000	275,419
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	<u>337,103</u>	<u>220,000</u>	<u>275,419</u>

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

12. Borrowings

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Loans due in one year	-	6,000	6,060
	<u>-</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>6,060</u>
Loans due after one year	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The school has borrowings at 31 December 2025 of \$Nil (31 December 2024 \$6,060). This loan is from the EECA for the purpose of lighting upgrade. The loan is unsecured, interest is 0% per annum and the loan is payable with interest in equal instalments of \$1,515.

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Other revenue in Advance	33,180	-	4,687
	<u>33,180</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,687</u>

14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2025 Actual \$	2025 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2024 Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	126,223	57,000	141,615
Increase/(decrease) to the Provision During the Year	(31,370)	28,000	(6,632)
Use of the Provision During the Year	(6,168)	-	(8,760)
Provision at the End of the Year	<u>88,685</u>	<u>85,000</u>	<u>126,223</u>
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	30,379	-	23,093
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	58,306	85,000	103,130
	<u>88,685</u>	<u>85,000</u>	<u>126,223</u>

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the School's 10 Year Property Plan.

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2025 Actual \$	2025 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2024 Actual \$
No Later than One Year	9,662	21,000	13,811
Later than One Year	7,688	1,000	9,254
Future Finance Charges	-	-	-
	<u>17,350</u>	<u>22,000</u>	<u>23,065</u>
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	9,662	21,000	13,811
Finance lease liability - Non current	7,688	1,000	9,254
	<u>17,350</u>	<u>22,000</u>	<u>23,065</u>

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 8, and includes retentions on the projects, if applicable.

	2025	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions / Transfers \$	Closing Balances \$
Fire System	249068	(960)	960	-	-	-
Fire Panel	250873	(398)	1,398	(1,000)	-	-
Block B Canopy	254034	-	52,105	(52,105)	-	-
B Block Student Bathroom	254033	-	-	(6,075)	-	(6,075)
Toilets A Block	238157	4,287	-	(4,287)	-	-
B Block	238519	112,685	26,430	(139,115)	-	-
Totals		<u>115,614</u>	<u>80,893</u>	<u>(202,582)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,075)</u>

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education	-
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education	(6,075)

	2024	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MOE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions / Transfers \$	Closing Balances \$
Fire System	249068	-	6,743	(7,703)	-	(960)
LSC		2,441	-	-	(2,441)	-
Security	246060	(371)	1,481	(1,110)	-	-
Special Needs	214579	(5,839)	-	-	5,839	-
Electrical	238518	8,914	4,823	(13,737)	-	-
Fire Panel	250873	-	11,985	(12,383)	-	(398)
Roofing	238516	35,797	4,535	(40,332)	-	-
LSPM		12,669	1,741	(14,410)	-	-
Room 16	219018	(5,745)	-	5,745	-	-
Reception	247430	-	25,971	(25,971)	-	-
Toilets A Block	238157	50,512	21,525	(67,750)	-	4,287
Block B	238519	20,281	135,197	(42,793)	-	112,685
Totals		118,659	214,001	(220,444)	3,398	115,614

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education
Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

116,972
(1,358)

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2025 Actual \$	2024 Actual \$
<i>Board Members</i>		
Remuneration	1,045	3,425
<i>Leadership Team</i>		
Remuneration	308,770	294,760
Full-time equivalent members	2	2
Total key management personnel remuneration	309,815	298,185

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider other matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2025 Actual \$000	2024 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	170-180	160-170
Benefits and Other Emoluments	5-6	5-6
Termination Benefits	-	-

Principal 2

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

	2025 Actual \$000	2024 Actual \$000
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:		
Salary and Other Payments	-	-
Benefits and Other Emoluments	-	-
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2025 FTE Number	2024 FTE Number
100-110	3	7
110-120	4	
120-130	1	1
	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2025 Actual	2024 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	-	-

20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2025 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2024: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts for specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2025, the Board had capital commitments of \$0 (2024:\$116,972) as a result of entering the following contracts:

The Board receives funding from the Ministry of Education for Capital Works which is disclosed in note 16.

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2025, the Board has not entered into any contracts.

22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2025 Actual	2025 Budget (Unaudited)	2024 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	101,520	151,000	262,083
Receivables	326,142	175,000	218,846
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>427,662</u>	<u>326,000</u>	<u>480,929</u>

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	337,103	220,000	275,419
Finance Leases	17,350	22,000	23,065
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>354,453</u>	<u>242,000</u>	<u>298,484</u>

23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.